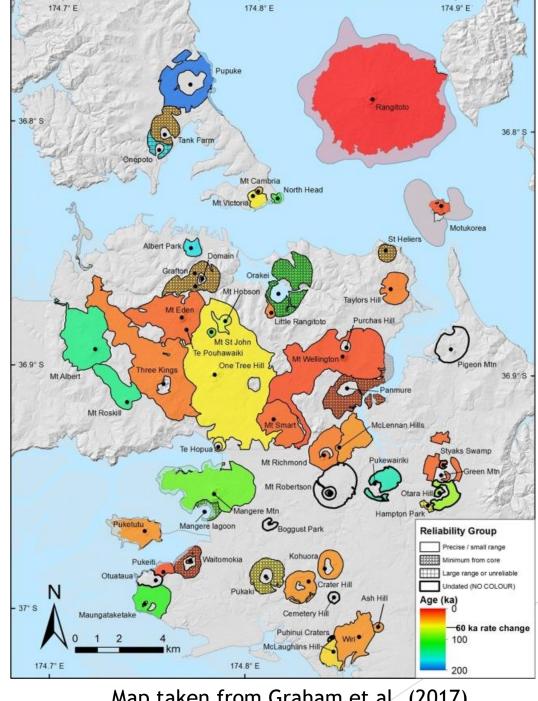


### The Auckland Volcanic Field

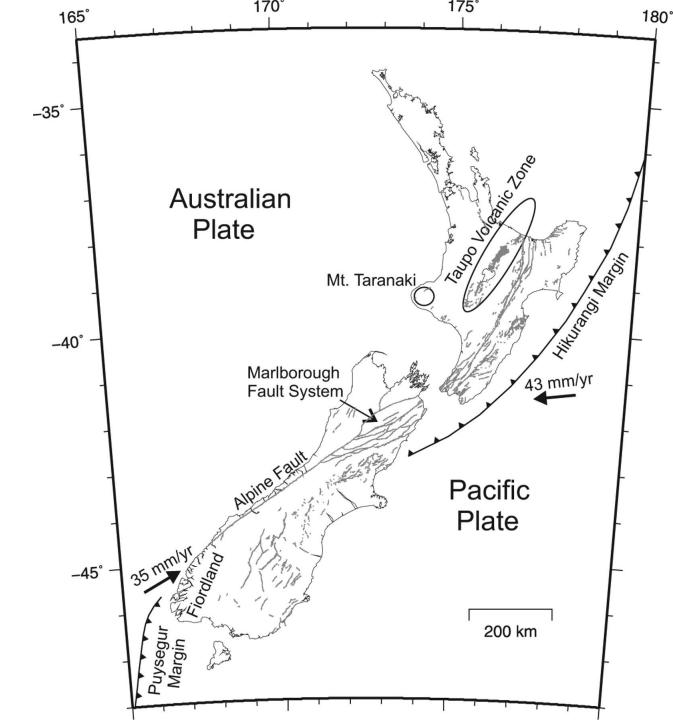
- Basaltic intraplate volcanic field
- Active
- High Population



Map taken from Graham et al. (2017)

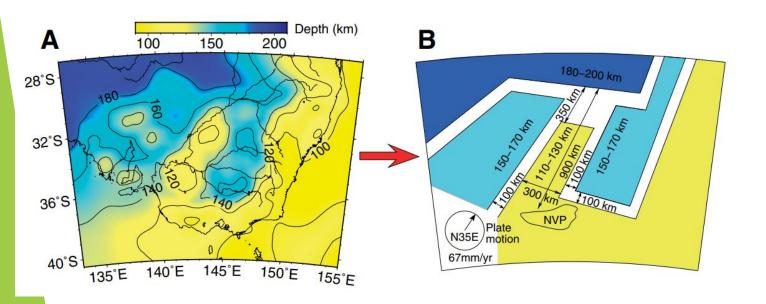
# What drives volcanism in Auckland?

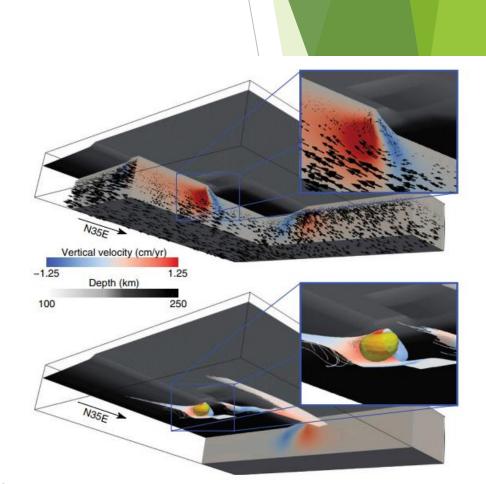
- No known connection to tectonic plate boundary.
- No mantle plume or rift system.
- There are a broad range of other possible mechanisms.

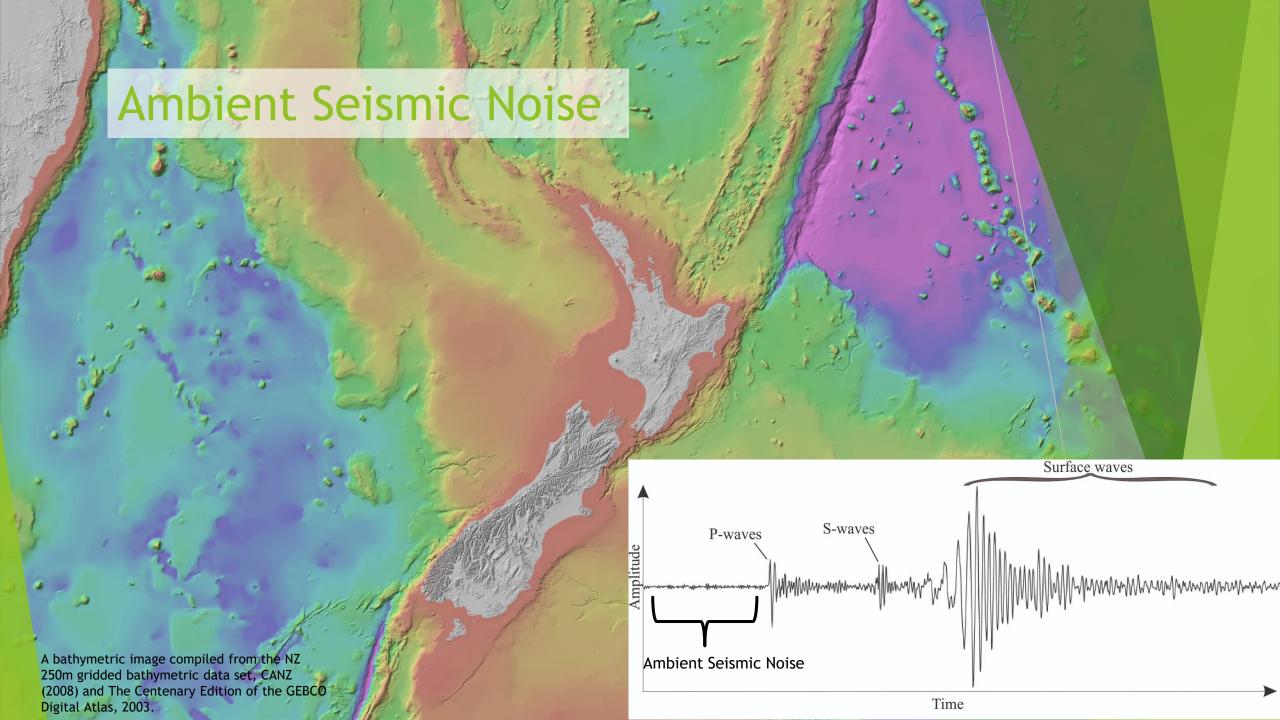


## Geodynamical modelling

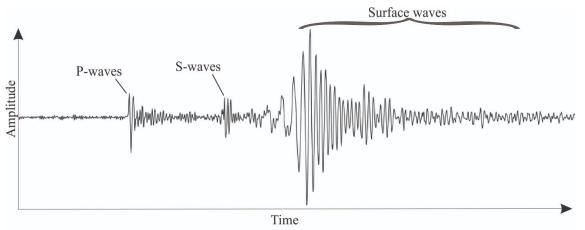
- Geodynamics deals with dynamics of the Earth.
- It applies physics, chemistry and mathematics to the understanding of tectonic and geologic phenomena.
- Davies et al. (2015) highlight a correlation between lithospheric thickness, volcanic outcrop and magma composition.
- Davies & Rawlinson (2014) finds that lithospheric steps are a key prerequisite for generating some intraplate volcanism, and their orientation is of equal importance.



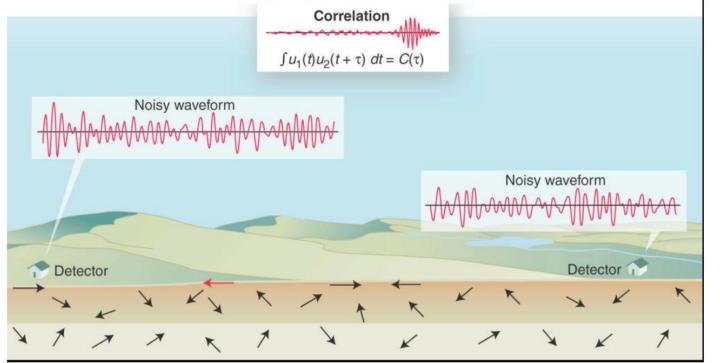


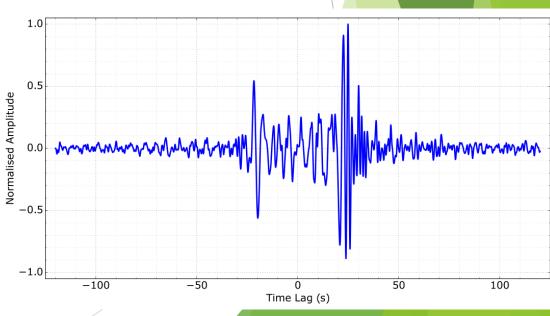


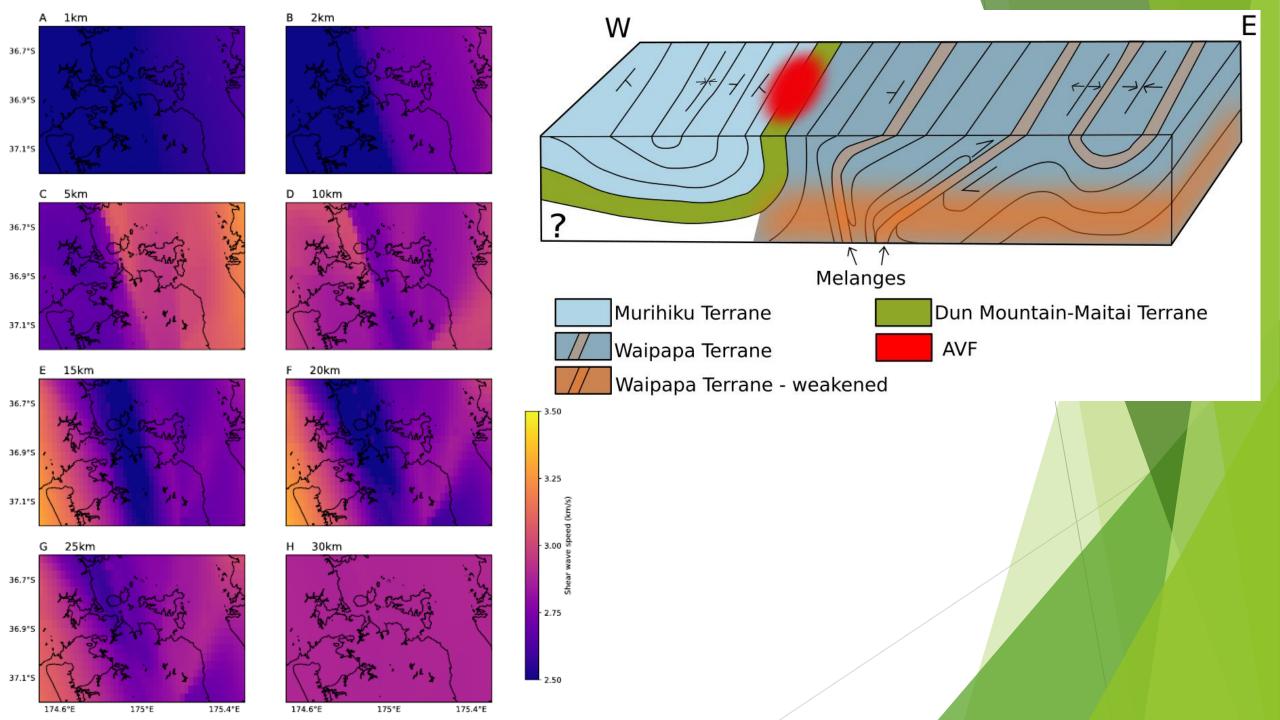
#### Cross-Correlating Ambient Seismic Noise

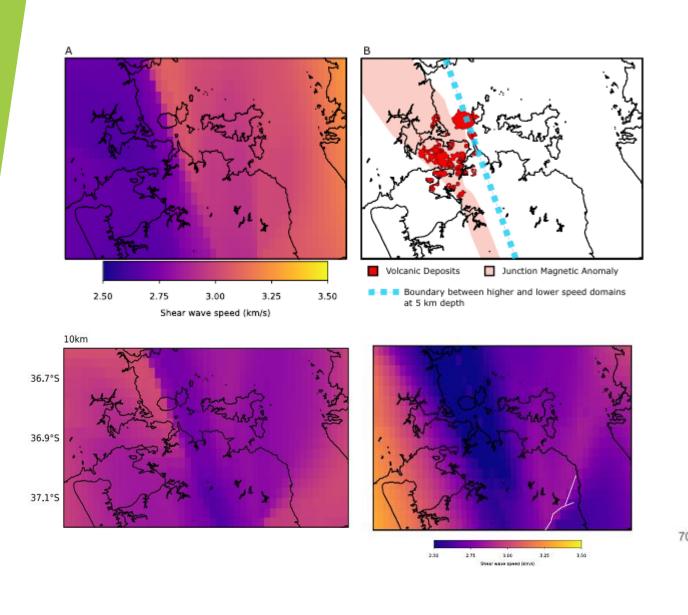


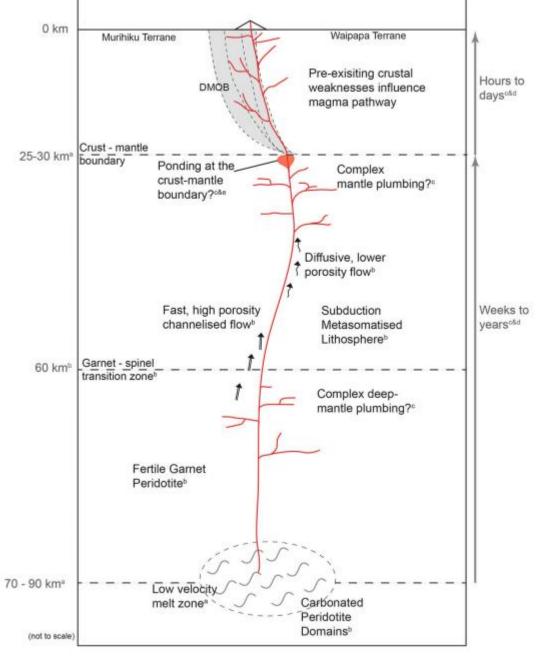
- •Our new shear speed model is
  - •3D
  - Higher resolution
  - More robust



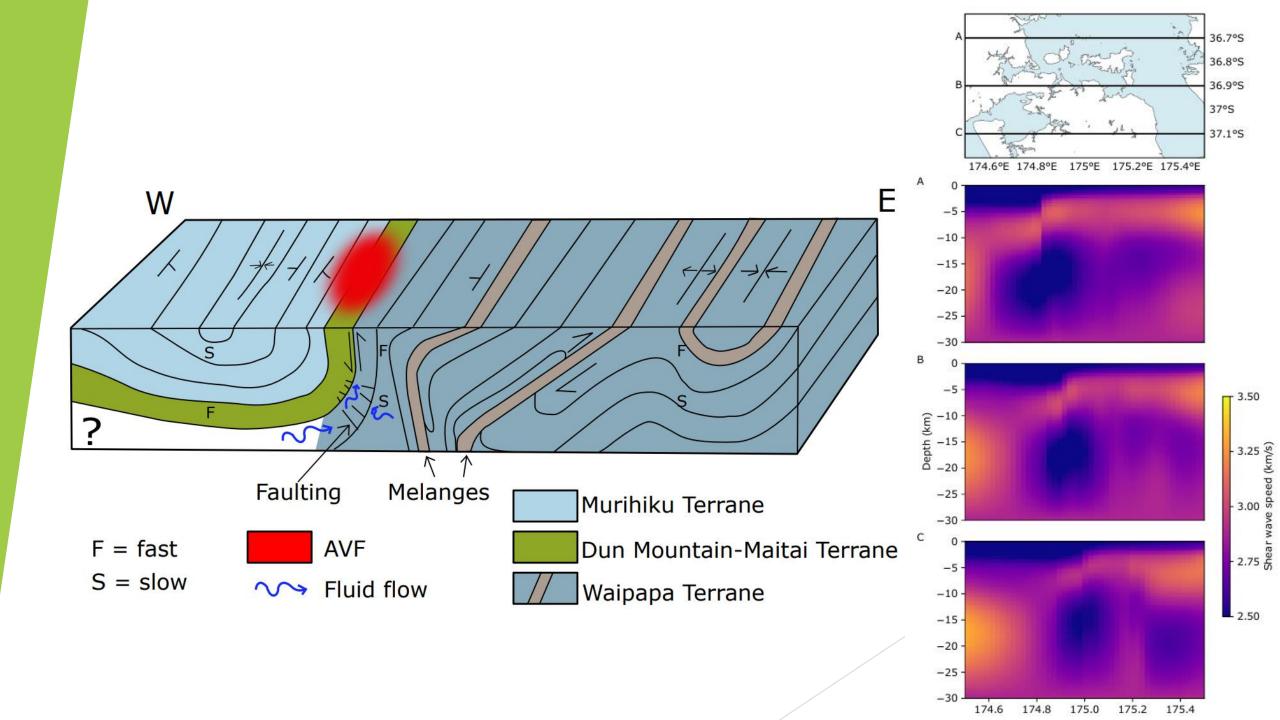








Hopkins et al. 2020



#### Take home

#### Our 3D model

- reveals the structure of the crust (upper lithosphere)
- hint's towards a step in lithospheric thickness
- should help improve larger scale tomography

#### Moving forward

- Map the Moho
- Map the lithosphere thickness
- Image the magma source

